EASTERN DISTRICT		
In Re:		Chapter 7
Harold Adamo, Jr.,		Case No. 814-73640-845
Debtor.		
~~~~~~~~~~~	X	
Marc A. Pergament, Interim Chapter 7 Trustee of the Estate of Harold Adamo, Jr.,		Adv. Proc. No. 816845
		ECF No.
	Plaintiff,	Complaint
- against -		
Fairfield University,		
Defendant.		
	X	

Marc A. Pergament, Chapter 7 Trustee ("Trustee" or "Plaintiff") of the Estate of Harold Adamo, Jr. ("Debtor"), by his attorneys, Weinberg, Gross & Pergament LLP, as and for his Complaint herein, respectfully alleges and represents to this Court as follows:

- 1. This action arises under 11 U.S.C. §§ 541, 544, 548, 549 and 550, Rules 6009 and 7001 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and § 270 et seq. of the New York Debtor and Creditor Law.
- 2. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 as this action arose in and under the Debtor's pending Chapter 7 case.
  - 3. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1409(a).
  - 4. This complaint is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2).

- 5. On August 6, 2014 ("Petition Date"), the Debtor filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 6. By Order dated July 13, 2016 ("Conversion Date"), the Bankruptcy Court (Scarcella, U.S.B.J.) converted the Debtor's Chapter 11 case to one under Chapter 7.
- 7. On July 13, 2016, the Plaintiff was appointed to serve as the interim Chapter 7 Trustee of the Debtor's Estate and by operation of law, became the permanent Trustee of the Estate.
- 8. This is an action for money damages and the avoidance and recovery of prepetition fraudulent conveyances and post-petition transfers of the Debtor's property.

#### **PARTIES**

- 9. Plaintiff is the Chapter 7 Trustee of the Debtor's Estate.
- 10. Upon information and belief, Defendant Fairfield University ("Fairfield") was and is a not-for-profit education institution duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Connecticut, maintaining a place of business at 1073 North Benson Road, Fairfield, Connecticut 06824.

#### BACKGROUND AND FACTS

- 11. Francesca Adamo ("Francesca") is the Debtor's daughter.
- 12. Upon information and belief, Francesca attended Fairfield from 2011 through 2015.
- 13. Upon information and belief, the Debtor paid Francesca's tuition and related expenses while she attended Fairfield.
- 14. Upon information and belief, Francesca's tuition and related expenses were paid directly by the Debtor to Fairfield.

- 15. Upon information and belief, Francesca's tuition and related expenses exceeded the sum of \$225,000.00.
- 16. Upon information and belief, the Debtor began making payments to Fairfield on or about July 15, 2011.
- 17. The payments made to Fairfield on behalf of Francesca from in or about 2011 to the Petition date shall be referred as the "Transfers."
- 18. The payments made to Fairfield on behalf of Francesca between the Petition

  Date and the Conversion date shall be referred to as the "Post-Petition Transfers."
- 19. Upon information and belief, the Post-Petition Transfers were made from on or about August 7, 2014.

### AS AND FOR A FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. § 549

- 20. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs "1" through "19" of this Complaint as if more fully set forth at length herein.
- 21. Upon information and belief, from on or about August 7, 2014, the Debtor made the Post-Petition Transfers.
  - 22. The Post-Petition Transfers were made using assets of the Debtor's Estate.
- 23. The Post-Petition Transfers occurred after the commencement of the Debtor's bankruptcy case.
- 24. The Post-Petition Transfers were not authorized under the Bankruptcy Code.
  - 25. The Post-Petition Transfers were not authorized by the Bankruptcy Court.
- 26. By virtue of the foregoing, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest.

#### AS AND FOR A SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B)(ii)(I)

- 27. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs "1" through "19" of this Complaint as if more fully set forth at length herein.
- 28. Upon information and belief, on or about between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014, the Debtor fraudulently conveyed his assets by making a portion of the Transfers.
- 29. The Transfers made between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014 were made in exchange for less than reasonably equivalent value and while the Debtor was insolvent or became insolvent as a result thereof.
- 30. The Transfers made between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014 are void as a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B)(ii)(I).
- 31. By virtue of the foregoing, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment: (a) finding that the Transfers made between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014 were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548; (b) pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a)(1), avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest.

### AS AND FOR A THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B)(ii)(II)

- 32. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs "1" through "19" of this Complaint as if more fully set forth at length herein.
- 33. Upon information and belief, on or about between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014, the Debtor fraudulently conveyed his assets by making a portion of the Transfers.

- 34. The Transfers made between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014 were made in exchange for less than reasonably equivalent value and after the Transfers were made, the property remaining in the Debtor's possession was an unreasonably small amount of capital.
- 35. The Transfers made between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014 are void as a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B)(ii)(II).
- 36. By virtue of the foregoing, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment: (a) finding that the Transfers made between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014 were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548; (b) pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a)(1), avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest.

# AS AND FOR A FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B)(ii)(III)

- 37. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs "1" through "19" of this Complaint as if more fully set forth at length herein.
- 38. Upon information and belief, on or about between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014, the Debtor fraudulently conveyed his assets by making a portion of the Transfers.
- 39. The Transfers made between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014 were made in exchange for less than reasonably equivalent value and while the Debtor intended to incur or should have known that he would incur debts beyond his ability to pay as such debts matured.
- 40. The Transfers made between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014 are void as a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B)(ii)(III).
- 41. By virtue of the foregoing, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment: (a) finding that the Transfers made between August 6, 2012 and August 6, 2014 were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548; (b) pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 544(b) and 550(a)(1), avoiding the

Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest.

### AS AND FOR A FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO NEW YORK DEBTOR AND CREDITOR LAW § 273

- 42. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraph "1" through "19" of this Complaint as if more fully set forth at length herein.
- 43. Upon information and belief, on or about between July 15, 2011 and August 6, 2014, the Debtor fraudulently conveyed his assets by making the Transfers.
- 44. Upon information and belief, the Debtor was either insolvent at the time of the Transfers or was rendered insolvent thereby within the meaning of New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 271.
- 45. Upon information and belief, the Debtor did not receive fair consideration in exchange for the Transfers within the meaning of New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 272.
- 46. Upon information and belief, on the date the Petition was filed against the Debtor, there were actual existing unsecured creditors holding claims allowable under 11 U.S.C. § 502, who could have avoided the Transfers under New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 273.
- 47. By virtue of the foregoing, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment: (a) finding that the Transfers were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 273; (b) pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 278, avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest.

## AS AND FOR A SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO NEW YORK DEBTOR AND CREDITOR LAW § 273-a

48. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraph "1" through "19" of this Complaint as if more fully set forth at length herein.

- 49. Upon information and belief, on or about between July 15, 2011 and August 6, 2014, the Debtor fraudulently conveyed his assets by making the Transfers.
- 50. Upon information and belief, the Debtor was either insolvent at the time of the Transfers or was rendered insolvent thereby within the meaning of New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 271.
- 51. Upon information and belief, the Debtor did not receive fair consideration in exchange for the Transfers within the meaning of New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 272.
- 52. Upon information and belief, on the date the Petition was filed against the Debtor, there were actual existing unsecured creditors holding claims allowable under 11 U.S.C. § 502, who could have avoided the Transfers under New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 273-a.
- 53. Upon information and belief, as of the date of the Transfers, the Debtor was a defendant in in an action for money damages or a judgment has been docketed against the Debtor and the Debtor has failed to satisfy the judgment.
- 54. By virtue of the foregoing, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment: (a) finding that the Transfers were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 273-a; (b) pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 278, avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest.

#### AS AND FOR AN SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO NEW YORK DEBTOR AND CREDITOR LAW § 275

- 55. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraph "1" through "19" of this Complaint as if more fully set forth at length herein.
- 56. Upon information and belief, on or about between July 15, 2011 and August 6, 2014, the Debtor fraudulently conveyed his assets by making the Transfers.

- 57. Upon information and belief, on the date of the Transfers without sufficient consideration, the Debtor knew or should have known that he would incur debts beyond his ability to pay such debts as they matured.
- 58. Upon information and belief, the Debtor's knowledge of such inability to pay such debts requires that the Transfers be declared a fraudulent conveyance under New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 275 as to both existing and future creditors.
- 59. Upon information and belief, on the Petition Date, there were actual existing creditors who could have avoided the Transfers under New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 275.
- 60. By virtue of the foregoing, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment: (a) finding that the Transfers were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 275; (b) pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 278, avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff-Trustee Marc A. Pergament respectfully requests that this Court enter judgment against Defendant Fairfield University as follows:

- as to the First Claim for Relief, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment, in a
   sum to be determined at trial, plus interest;
- ii. as to the Second Claim for Relief, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment:

  (a) declaring the Transfers were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B)(ii)(I); and (b) pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 550 and 551, avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest; iii. as to the Third Claim for Relief, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment: (a)

declaring the Transfers were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to 11

- U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B)(ii)(II); and (b) pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 550 and 551, avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest;
- iv. as to the Fourth Claim for Relief, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment:

  (a) declaring the Transfers were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B)(ii)(III); and (b) pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 550 and 551, avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest;
- v. as to the Fifth Claim for Relief, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment: (a) declaring the Transfers were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 273; and (b) pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 278, avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest;
- vi. as to the Sixth Claim for Relief, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment: (a) declaring the Transfers were a fraudulent conveyance pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 273-a; and (b) pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 278, avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest;
- vii. as to the Seventh Claim for Relief, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 275 finding that

the Transfers were a fraudulent conveyance and pursuant to New York Debtor and Creditor Law § 278, avoiding the Transfers and awarding Plaintiff damages as against Fairfield in a sum to be determined at trial, plus interest; and

viii. costs and disbursements and such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: Garden City, New York August 17, 2016

Weinberg, Gross & Pergament LLP Attorneys for Plaintiff- Trustee

By:

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